

1. Tim says that the brain contains an "intricate network" of neurons. What is the best synonym for "intricate?"

- a. Small
- b. Complex
- c. Simple
- d. Massive

2. What might happen if your body lacked neurotransmitters?

- a. Your nerve cells could not communicate with one another.
- b. Impulses could not travel along your nerve cells.
- c. You would not be able to touch the objects that surround you.
- d. Your nerve cells would begin dying off.

3. How are neurotransmitters different from the impulses that travel along the bodies of nerve cells?

- a. The impulses are electrical; neurotransmitters are chemical.
- b. The impulses travel at a faster rate than neurotransmitters.
- c. The impulses send signals from the body to the brain; neurotransmitters send signals from the brain to the body.
- d. The impulses occur constantly; neurotransmitters are released only occasionally.

4. Which process is governed by the autonomic nervous system?

- a. Writing
- b. Chewing
- c. Running
- d. Digesting food

5. Which of the following is an example of a reflex?

- a. Drinking water
- b. Reaching out to touch a hot object
- c. Blinking
- d. Throwing

6. Which of the following statements is true?

- a. Your brain is involved in all the actions your body performs.
- b. The nerves in your body are connected together tightly.
- c. There are gaps between many of the nerve cells in your body.
- d. The somatic nervous system allows you to feel hot and cold sensations.

7. If an area of your body is particularly sensitive, what can you conclude about that area?

- a. It contains more skin cells than other areas of your body.
- b. It contains more nerve endings than other areas of your body.
- c. It conducts electricity better than other areas of your body.
- d. It contains more neurotransmitters than other areas of your body.

8. Where in your body do you find nerve cells?

Choose the best answer.

- a. In your brain
- b. In your spinal cord
- c. In your neurons
- d. Everywhere

9. A disorder called CIPA prevents certain people from feeling pain. What can you infer about these people?

- a. They are capable of amazing feats of strength.
- b. They often injure or burn themselves without realizing it.
- c. Their brains do not function properly, so they can't think clearly.
- d. They tend to live extremely long lives.

10. What can you infer about autonomic nervous system?

- a. Autonomic information is transmitted by the heart.
- b. The more pain receptors you have, the faster autonomic information gets sent.
- c. Most autonomic functions are controlled by the brain.
- d. Most autonomic functions are controlled by the spinal cord.